MACROMOLECULAR POWDER DIFFRACTION: STRUCTURE SOLUTION VIA MOLECULAR REPLACEMENT

Jennifer A. Doebbler and Robert B. Von Dreele X-ray Science Division, Argonne National Laboratory, 9700 South Cass Avenue, Argonne, IL 60439

## INTRODUCTION

Macromolecular powder diffraction is a burgeoning technique for protein structure solution— ideally suited for cases where no suitable single crystals are available. Over the past seven years, pioneering work by Von Dreele *et al.* (1) and Margiolaki *et al.* (2), demonstrated the viability of this approach for several protein structures. Among these initial powder studies, molecular replacement solutions of insulin and turkey lysozyme into alternate space groups were accomplished. Pressing the technique further, Margiolaki, *et al.* (3), executed the first molecular replacement of an unknown protein structure: the SH3 domain of ponsin.

## **RESULTS**

To demonstrate that cross-species molecular replacement is also possible, we present the solution of hen egg white lysozyme using the 60% identical human lysozyme (PDB code: 1LZ1) as the search model (see Figure 1). Due to the high incidence of overlaps in powder patterns, especially as structures get more complex, we have used extracted intensities from five data sets taken at different salt concentrations in a multipattern Pawley refinement.

## **REFERENCES**

- 1. R.B. Von Dreele, P.W. Stephens, G.D. Smith, and R.H. Blessing. Acta Cryst. D, 56, 1549 (2000).
- 2. I. Margiolaki, J.P. Wright, A.N. Fitch, G.C. Fox, and R.B. Von Dreele. Acta Cryst. D, 61, 423 (2005).
- 3. I. Margiolaki, I., J.P. Wright, M. Wilmanns, A.N. Fitch, and N. Pinotsis J. Am. Chem. Soc., 129, 11865 (2007).

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

This work was supported by the US Department of Energy, Office of Basic Energy Sciences, Office of Science, under contract No. DE-AC-02-06CH11357.



Figure 1: Superposition of the PSSP trial two result (black) and the previously published HEWL structure (grey).